

The Missal of Barbara of Brandenburg

An extraordinary union of Late Gothic and Renaissance miniatures



The Missal of Barbara of Brandenburg was created between 1442 and 1465, when the most prominent artists working in Mantua were Leon Battista Alberti, Pisanello and Vittorino da Feltre. Other important artists of the time also included Andrea Mantegna, Girolamo da Cremona and Luca Fancelli. The Missal of Mantua was commissioned in 1442 by Gian Lucido Gonzaga to Belbello da Pavia, considered the most important representative of Late Gothic miniatures and noted for the renowned Offiziolo Alfonsino. When the patron passed away (1448), the decorative works by Belbello and the writings (assigned to Pietro Paolo Marono, the calligrapher of the Bible of Borso d'Este) were subjected to various interruptions and for almost a decade the Missal remained incomplete.

Archivio Diocesano, Mantua (Italy)

- * Illuminated manuscript
- * ca. 1442-65 Mantua
- * 380 folios, 39.5 x 26.2 cm
- * 74 large miniatures
- * Limited edition of 499 copies
- * Red velvet binding
- * Scientific commentary (Italian)

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The illuminator recommended by Andrea Mantegna

Work on the Missal began again thanks to Barbara of Brandenburg-Gonzaga, who in

1459 took over management of the production. Andrea Mantegna recommended the name of the illuminator to Barbara. The artist who would bring the work to its conclusion was the young Girolamo da Cremona, a follower of Mantegna, open to the new style elements of the Renaissance and already an expert disciple of Taddeo Crivelli, the artist of the Bible of Borso d'Este.



The miniatures of the third Maestro

Since the earliest studies carried out on the Missal in the 1900s, the hand of a third miniaturist was evident. The artist remained anonymous, but it was most probably a collaborator of Mantegna and follower of the new styles of the moment brought to



Ferrara by Rogier van der Weyden. There are only three miniatures that can be attributed to this anonymous hand, which date back to around 1449-1450, probably commissioned by the Marquise Paola Malatesta.

Among these miniatures there is the Adoration of the Shepherds (f. 18v), which clearly cites the contemporary Adoration by Andrea Mantegna, now on display at the **Metropolitan Museum of Art** in New York City.

Music in the Missal of Barbara

The Missal of Barbara, like all the Missals of the Late Middle Ages and the Renaissance, presents three diverse aspects through which it is possible to study the music that accompany its text. Firstly, there are parts of the text accompanied by musical notations; there is also a large collection of texts destined for songs, and finally there are the indices, which explain the process of the liturgical actions and help scholars to understand the musical practices of the time.

Codicology

The Missal, located in the cathedral of Mantua, is an illuminated manuscript on parchment composed of 380 sheets (760 pages) measuring 39.5×26.2 cm. The liturgical text in Latin is written in semi-Gothic Italian with black ink, while the titles and indices are in red. For the musical accompaniment, the quadratic notation is black on red tetragram.



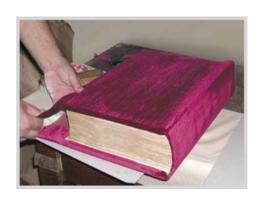
The decoration, embellished with gold and lapis lazuli, is structured as follows:

- 6 Calendar pages, with decorations on the outer side;
- 68 miniatures of different sizes;
- 2 large figurative initials;
- 7 pages with large decorations on four sides;
- over 2000 decorated initials;
- hundreds of paragraph initials with pen decorations.

The binding is in red velvet.

Fine Facsimile Edition

The facsimile edition, published by Il Bulino (Modena), is authorized by the Mantua Diocese and by the Regional Lombardy Superintendency. The facsimile is complete and complies with the original in terms of the number of pages as well as in terms of the



dimensions. The piece is completed with the same red velvet binding as the original one kept in Mantua, created during recent restoration interventions.

The commentary on the facsimile is written by Giusi Zanichelli, Federica Toniolo, Giancarlo Manzoli, Giuse Pastore and Giancarlo Malacarne. The fine facsimile edition is of 499 copies.

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